Question Bank for M.Sc. Entrance Examination Subject: Chemistry (Organic)

1.	IUPAC name of the following compound given below is
	(a) E-5-Ethylhept-5-en-2-one
	(b) Z-5-Ethylhept-5-en-2-one
	(c) E-3-Ethylhept-2-en-6-one
	(d) Z-3-Ethylhept-2-en-6-one
2.	The number of stereoisomers that you expect for the compound butan-2,3-diol
	(a) 0
	(b) 2
	(c) 3
	(d) 4
3.	Which of the following will undergo fastest S_N2 reaction?
	(a) Allyl halide
	(b) Benzyl halide
	(c) α-halo acetone
	(d) Ethyl halide
4.	Which is the best leaving group?
	(a) Fluoride
	(b) Chloride
	(c) Bromide
	(d) Iodide
5.	Which react faster with N-bromosuccinimide (NBS)?
	(a) Toluene
	(b) Methane
	(c) Pyridine

(d) Benzene

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- 7. DNFB is used to identify N-terminal amino acid of peptide. The reagent is known as
 - (a) Stephen's reagent
 - (b) Sanger's reagent
 - (c) Brady's reagent
 - (d) Edman's reagent
- 8. With cis-but-2-ene, triplet carbene give
 - (a) cis-1,2-dimethycylopropane
 - (b) trans-1,2-dimethycylopropane
 - (c) both cis-1,2-dimethycylopropane and trans-1,2-dimethycylopropane
 - (d) no product
- 9. Among the following, the Newmann projection of meso-2, 3-butanediol is



- 10. The major product obtained in the Diel-Alder reaction between butadiene and ethyne is
 - (a) Cyclohexane
 - (b) Cyclohex-1-ene
 - (c) Cyclohex-1,4-diene
 - (d) Cyclohex-1,3,5-triene
- 11. The major product formed when benzene is subjected to FC alkylation with n-propyl chloride in presence of anh. AlCl₃ is

- (a) n-propyl benzene
- (b) iso-propyl benzene
- (c) acyl benzene
- (d) tert-butyl benzene
- 12. Identify the correct reagent required for the following transformation is
 - (a) LiAlH₄, H₃O⁺
 - (b) NaBH₄, H_3O^+
 - (c) $H_2/Pd-C$
 - (d) Na in EtOH
- 13. The number of σ , π bonds and lone pair in enol form of acetone are
 - (a) 3, 1, 2
 - (b) 9, 0, 2
 - (c) 9, 1, 2
 - (d) 9, 2, 2
- 14. Addition of HCl to 3,3-dimethylbut-1-ene gives
 - (a) 1-Chloro-3,3-dimethylbutane
 - (b) 3-Chloro-2,2-dimethylbutane
 - (c) 2-Chloro-2,3-dimethylbutane
 - (d) 2-Chloro-2,3-dimethylbutan-1-ol
- 15. Which of the following is not correctly matched?
 - (a) >C=O on Clemmenson' reduction yields >CH₂
 - (b) >C=O on Wolf Kishner reduction yields >CHOH
 - (c) -COCl on Rosenmunds reduction yields -CHO
 - (d) -CN on Stephen's reduction yields -CHO

16. The major product formed in the following reaction is					
17. The hybridization of middle carbon in prop-1,2-diene is					
(a) sp					
(b) sp^2					
(c) sp^3					
(d) sp ³ d					
18. The main product of the following reaction is					
(a) 4-membered lactam unit					
(b) 5-membered lactam unit					
(c) 6-membered lactam unit					
(d) 7-membered lactam unit					
19. The most stable conformation of 1-isopropyl-3-methylcyclohexane is					
20. Ozonolysis of styrene provides product					
(a) Only benzaldehyde					
(b) Only acetone					
(c) Mixture of benzaldehyde and acetone					

(d) Mixture of benzaldehyde and formaldehyde

- 21. Absolute stereochemistry of the meso-tartaric acid is:
 - (a) 1R,2S
 - (b) 2R,3S
 - (c) 2R, 3R
 - (d) 2S,3S
- 22. Intermediate involved in the Reimer-Tiemann reaction is
 - (a) carbanion
 - (b) free radical
 - (c) Carbocation
 - (d) carbene
- 23. The decreasing order of boiling points of the following compounds is

- (a) I > II > III > IV
- (b) III > II > IV
- (c) II > III > I > IV
- (d) I > III > II > IV
- 24. According to Huckel rule, which one of the following is an aromatic compound?
- 25. Which one of the following reactions involves both oxidation and reduction processes?
 - (a) Robinson Annulation
 - (b) Cannizzaro reaction
 - (c) Claisen condensation

(d) Perkin condensation
26. The acidic hydrocarbon is
(a) CH ₃ -CH ₃
(b) $CH_2=CH_2$
(c) CH≡CH
(d) C_6H_6
27. The optically inactive amino acid is:
(a) Glycine
(b) Alanine
(c) Methionine
(d) Tryptophan
28. Which one of the following is an unusual base pairing in nucleic acids?
(a) A-T
(b) G-C
(c) G-T
(d) A-U
29. The major product formed in the following reaction is
20 771 1 1 1 1 6371 1 63
30. The chemical name of Vitamin C is
(a) Cobalamin
(a) Cobalamin
(a) Cobalamin(b) Ascorbic acid
(a) Cobalamin(b) Ascorbic acid(c) Tartaric acid
(a) Cobalamin(b) Ascorbic acid(c) Tartaric acid(d) Citric acid

- (c) CH₃OCH₃
- (d) CHI₃
- 32. Pent-2-yne on reduction with Na/liq.NH₃ provides



33. The correct option for the major products of the following reaction is

- 34. Both glucose and mannose can be prepared by Killini-Fischer synthesis from
 - (a) D-ribose
 - (b) D-arabinose
 - (c) D-lyxose
 - (d) D-xylose
- 35. Which nitrogenous base is not found in RNA?
 - (a) Thymine
 - (b) Cytosine
 - (c) Adenine
 - (d) Guanine
- 36. One of the molecules present in tobacco is:
 - (a) Nicotine
 - (b) Quinine
 - (c) Curcumin
 - (d) Piperine

37. The carbohydrate which serves as reserve glucose in body is
(a) Sucrose
(b) Starch
(c) Glycogen
(d) Fructose
38. Cannizzaro reaction is not given by
(a) Formaldehyde
(b) Acetaldehyde
(c) Benzaldehyde
(d) Trimethylacetaldehyde
39. Identity the order of acid strength of CH_3COOH , CF_3COOH , NO_2CH_2COOH and
CCl₃COOH.
(a) $CH_3COOH < NO_2CH_2COOH < CCl_3COOH < CF_3COOH$
(b) $CH_3COOH < CCl_3COOH < NO_2CH_2COOH < CF_3COOH$
(c) $CH_3COOH < NO_2CH_2COOH < CF_3COOH < CCl_3COOH$
(d) $CF_3COOH < CCl_3COOH << NO_2CH_2COOH < CH_3COOH$
40. Which of the following is an auxochrome?
(a) > C = C <
(b) –CO–
(c) $-C_6H_5$
$(d) - NH_2$
41. The major product formed in the reaction of acetone with methyl magnesium
bromide followed by acidification is
(a) n-butyl alcohol
(b) iso-butyl alcohol
(c) sec-butyl alcohol
(d) tert- butyl alcohol
42. Optically active conformer of cyclohexane is
(a) Chair form
(b) Half chair form

- (c) Twist form
- (d) Boat form
- 43. The compound that shows positive haloform test is
- 44. Ziegler-Natta catalyst is associated with
 - (a) Alkene hydrogenation
 - (b) Alkene polymerization
 - (c) Hydroformylation of alkenes
 - (d) Alkyne metathesis
- 45. The C-2 epimer of D-glucose is
 - (a) D-Mannose
 - (b) D-Fructose
 - (c) D-Galactose
 - (d) D-Gulose
- 46. Bakelite is a polymer of
 - (a) Aniline and Formaldehyde
 - (b) Aniline and Benzaldehyde
 - (c) Phenol and Formaldehyde
 - (d) Phenol and Benzaldehyde
- 47. The correct order of rate of solvolysis for the following compounds is

- (a) II > III > I
- (b) II > I > III
- (c) III > I > II
- (d) II > III > I

48. The major product formed in the following reaction is
49. The major product of the following reaction is
50. Hofmann's exhausive methylation of piperidine gives
(a) 1, 4-pentadiene
(b) 1, 3-pentadiene
(c) 1, 3-butadiene
(d) 1, 3-cyclopentadiene

Answer Key

1 (b)	2(c)	3 (d)	4 (d)	5 (a)	6 (c)	7 (b)	8 (a)	9 (a)	10 (c)
11 (b)	12 (b)	13(c)	14 (c)	15 (b)	16 (d)	17 (a)	18 (d)	19 (d)	20 (d)
21 (b)	22 (d)	23 (b)	24 (c)	25 (b)	26 (c)	27 (a)	28 (c)	29 (a)	30 (b)
31 (d)	32 (a)	33 (a)	34 (b)	35 (a)	36 (a)	37 (c)	38 (b)	39 (a)	40 (d)
41 (d)	42 (c)	43 (b)	44 (b)	45 (a)	46 (c)	47 (b)	48 (b)	49(b)	50 (a)
11 (d)	12 (0)	15 (0)	11(0)	15 (a)	10 (0)	17 (0)	10 (0)	17(0)	30 (a)

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